The Investigation is to Be Pursued to the Furthest Possible Limit, and No Political or Personal Influence Can Save the Guilty Ones From Punishment.

WASHINGTON, June 11 .- In view of the various conflicting publications emanating from Washington touching the scope and probable results of the investigation into a length of 375 feet, a breadth of 77 feet, the Post Office Department scandals, an authoritative statement on the subject may be of interest and serve as an assurance to the public that if those in authority in Washington are not stopped by some power higher than that of the President of the United States no guilty man will go unpunished.

It was in December last that President Roosevelt first had the matter of the alleged corrupt practices of Post Office Department officials brought to his attention, and at that time no positive evidence was produced. Representative Loud of California, chair-

Press of the Committee on Post Offices, and Post Roads, was one of those who talked freely and often to the President on the subject. He and others were so confident that there was "something rotten in Denmark" that the whole matter was gone over between the President and Postmaster-Gen-Payne, in the light of the meagre facts

At that time the storm centred about the head of August W. Machen, chief of the Free Delivery Division of the First Assistant Postmaster-General's office. Corruption was said to exist as a natural result of the opportunities given to Machen in the large appropriations made by Congress. which put an unlimited amount of patronage at his disposal. Postmaster-General Payne was then strongly of the opinion that Machen was not guilty of actual corruption, although there was a general feeling that he might have used the great power of his office to help his own friends and those of Congressmen and politicians

Mr. Payne was not alone in this opinion. because Senator Lodge, who has since been somewhat influential in bringing the real rascalities of the Department to light, and other prominent men in and out of Congress, both Republicans and Democrats, joined in the belief that Machen was an honest, although perhaps a reckless, official. Moreover, the members of the Civil Service Commission, who as a body had knowledge of Machen and his methods, from , added their weight to the testimony

in Machen's behalf.

The insistence of various people, however, was so strong that in February Postmaster-General Payne and the Presi-dent came to the agreement that where there was so much smoke there must be there was so much smoke there must be some fire, and they determined upon an investigation. Owing to the fact that Congress was about to expire and the rush of work very great, both at the White House and at the Post Office Department, it was determined to potspone the investigation for a few weeks, and then came up the question who should conduct it. It was not deemed best to ask First Assistant Postmaster-General Wynne to make the Postmaster-General Wynne to make the investigation, as it was his office which was chiefly involved in the alleged scandals, So it was decided, practically on the advice of outside parties, to turn the work over to Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General Bristow, who was known to be a man who would do the job in a thorough

or protege of the most powerful public man in Washington or out of it. The latest sensational report to the effect that the beginning of the Post Office Department scandal was a conspiracy on the part of certain big men of the Republican party, working in collusion with Machen, Beavers and the other grafters in the Department, to put money in their pockets with one hand and with the other put money into a fund for establishing and maintaining a political machine designed to prevent the nomination of Theodore Roosevelt nounced absurd by those who are compe-

MAIL-POUCH GRAFT.

C. E. Smith of Baltimore Turns Against Upton and McGregor.

BALTIMORE, June 11.-Charles E. Smith. the trunk and bag dealer, turned State's evidence to-day and testified against C. Ellsworth Upton and Thomas W. McGregor, who are charged with conspiracy to defraud the United States Government through the mail-pouch contracts. The hearing took place before United States Commissioner Rogers. The Post Office Department furnished stenographic reports of testimony given by Upton and McGregor when questioned by the inspectors, and in which they denied ever having seen Smith or having had any transaction with him. Smith was then called to the stand.

He testified that Upton entered his store in 1901 with a sample pouch for registered letters and money order receipts, and asked him how much he could furnish them for. Smith asked him to leave the sample and he would look into the matter. These pouches are of buff leather, and are about four inches wide, eight inches long and three-fourths of an inch thick. furnish the pouches for 60 cents each in

000 lots. Afterward, by his advice I put in a bid for 90 cents

"Upton said others were getting that;
that the Government was now paying that
and he saw no reason why we should not
get it. He said he would use a little innuence and do his best to get the order. I
don't think he said anything about the
40-cent rebate at that time, but he did
later. On March 23, 1901, I put in a bid to
M Wachen to furnish the powher at to

I did nothing further. Upton and Gregor were supposed to look out for t; I did not know McGregor then. I bought the pouches from a firm in Worce 10,000. I estimate that, with freight and repacking, they cost me 35 cents each for the whole 20,000. It was about a year after I

whole 20,000. It was about a year after I put in my bid before I got the first order for 5,000. "The payment came in the shape of a warrant for \$4,500, which was brought by McGregor. Upton was with him. I went to the Drovers and Mechanics' Bank, devented the warrant.

to the Drovers and Mechanics' Bank, deposited the warrant and drew out \$2,000, which I turned over to McGregor in my store. Upton was still present. He had told me before that I was to pay over to them 40 cents on each pouch. He told me it was to go to the two of them and A. W. Machen and his brother. Upton said he was to get one-fourth. Up to got \$500 of the first \$2,000."

Mr. Smith then gave a detailed account of three similar transactions at each of

of three similar transactions, at each of which he received a warrant for \$1,500 and turned over \$2,000 to Upton and Molingor. One of the warrants, he said, may have come by mail. McGregor brought the others, and perhaps all four. The last time he saw Upton, he said, was

on the day Machen was arrested, when they talked over the matter, and Upton said he thought it was all right. Upton warned him about the first of the year that inspectors would come around, and

NO GUILTY MAN WILL ESCAPE. they did come around but he gave them The Commissioner committed Upton and McGregor in \$6,000 bail for the action of the Federal Grand Jury. Upton furnished a satisfactory bond, but McGregor's was not accepted and he is still held.

THE 13,000-TON BATTLESHIPS. The Plans Sacrifice Speed for Offensive and

Defensive Features.

WASHINGTON, June 11.-The 13,000-ton battleships Idaho and Mississippi, sketch plans of which were approved by the Secretary of the Navy yesterday, will each have a mean draught of 24 feet 6 inches, 10,000 horse power, and a trial speed of from 161/2 to 17 knots. In submitting the plans, the Board on Construction informed Secretary Moody that it had concluded that the intent of the act would be best complied with and the interest of the navy furthered under this act, by retaining for the vessels in question as nearly as possible the offensive and defensive features of the first class battleships, and reducing the speed and power and the coal to be carried on trial o the amount necessary, in order that the trial displacement of 13,000 tons may not

be exceeded. To this decision Rear Admiral Melville, Engineer in Chief, while signing the board's report of plans, took some exception. "While these vessels will undoubtedly be quite efficient," he wrote, "they would in my opinion be very much more so if given more speed, since I do not consider that a very heavy battery, comparatively given more speed, since I do not consider that a very heavy battery, comparatively low-sized and small coal capacity, with only nine inches of side armor, make the best possible combination. The displacement being limited to 13,000 tons makes it difficult, if not impossible, to produce a thoroughly satisfactory and up-to-date battleship."

battleship."
Each vessel will have a battery of four Each vessel will have a battery of four 12-inch, eight 8-inch, ten 7-inch and twelve 3-inch breech-loading rifles and twenty other, smaller guns. The armor protection will consist of a water line belt of 9 inches, tapering to 7 inches at the bottom and to 7.5 and 4 inches at the ends, 7-inch casemate athwartship armor, 12 inches and 8 inches on the main turrets, 10, 7½ and 6 inches on the main barbettes and 9 inches on the conning tower.

6 inches on the main barbettes and 9 inches on the conning tower.

In explanation of the principal features of the Idaho and the Mississippi, the board compares these vessels with those of the Connecticut class, which are to be 16.000-ton battleships. They will have, as regards armament, the same main battery, excepting only a reduction of the number of 7-inch guns from twelve to ten Owing to the reduction in length from 450 feet to 375 feet, the secundary battery is somewhat less than

battery is due to the fact that in order to se cure the heavy main battery and corresponding section of a first class battleship it is necessary to omit the after military mast and to reduce the freeboard aft, as on the Maine class. It is accordingly not intended to fit these vessels as flagships. The weight given to armor protection will be 3,377 tons, or 25.9 per cent. of the trial displacement, as against 3,992 tons and 24.9 per cent. for the Connecticut. The horse power of the main engines will be 10,000 against 16,500. The board is of the opinion that in working out the final designs this power will provide a maximum trial speed of 17 knots.

mum trial speed of 17 knots.

Although the full coal capacity will be about 1,750 tons as against 2,200 in the case of the Connecticut, its endurance is estimated at about 5,750 knots, as against about 5,300 for the Connecticut, at

EXCLUDED FROM THE MAILS.

over to Fourth Assistant PostmasterGeneral Bristow, who was known to be a
man who would do the job in a thorough
manner.

Now that the investigation is on it will
be pursued to the furthest possible limit,
and the President and Postmaster-General
Payne are determined that before the
inquiry is ended every man connected,
directly or indirectly with fraudulent transactions in the Post Office Department or
other branches of the public service will
be in jail or under indictment. No exception will be made, even if some guilty
man is found who happens to be a friend
or protégé of the most powerful public
man in Washington or out of it.

The latest sensational report to the effect

The Post Office inspectors are now intional THE MAILS.

Fraud Order Against Another Turf Investment Concern.

Washington, June 11.—Assistant Attorney-General Robb of the Post Office
to-day issued an order denying the use of
the mails to the United Turf Investment
company, Thomas Walsh manager, of
St. Louis. This is one of the concerns patterned after the Arnold and Ryan turf
investment companies, which were allowed
to continue in business by the Assistant
Attorney-General's office under the administration of Gen. James N. Tyner, until
closed up by the police authorities of St.
Louis. Post Office inspectors are now inwith the business to be a friend
or protégé of the most powerful public
closed up by the police authorities of St.
Louis. Post Office inspectors are now inwith the post office of the most powerful public
closed up by the police authorities of St.
Louis. Post Office inspectors are now inwith the business to date the the deciding the said
the best man and has been in the
postal service for more than thirty years.
The Postmaster was told that he could not
the whole thing.

White will Decide a Robb.

The Post A. R. man and has been in the
postal service for more than the industry.

The Postmaster was told that he could not
the said service for more than the postal service for more than their torion to Washingt closed up by the police authorities of St. Louis. Post Office inspectors are now inrestigating Gen. Tyner's administration of

A fraud order was also issued against A. J. Noichus and F. S. Temple of Buffalo, N. Y., proprietors of the Hulonius Magnetic Institute of Buffalo.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Washington, June 11 .- The battleship Kentucky (flagship of Rear Admiral Evans) the cruiser New Orleans and the gunboat Helena left Chefoo, China, on Tuesday for Taku, at the mouth of the Pei River, on which Pekin is situated, and arrived there yesterday. The battleship Oregon left Chefoo to-day for Tongku, near Taku. The monitor Monterey and the collier Fompey left Shanghai and the gunboat Wompatuck left Cavité yesterday for Chefoo. The gunboat Nashville has arrived at Key West, the training ship Alert at Santa Barbara, the yacht Sylph at Oyster Ray, the submarine Grampus at San Francisco and the gunboat Villalobos at Hangkow, China. The training ship Mohican has sailed from Mare Island for San Diego, and the destroyer Worden from Norfolk for a cruise in Chesapeake Bay. which Pekin is situated, and arrived there

Watson's Ball Reduced to \$20,000. WASHINGTON, June 11 .- On application of the defendants' counsel, Judge Pritchard this afternoon reduced bail in the case of James M. A. Watson, Jr., the District emplanes M. A. Watson, Jr., the District employee accused of embezzling \$75,000 from the Permit and Assessment fund, from \$30,000 to \$20,000. Watson has secured bondsmen. The amount named in the warrant upon which Watson was arrested is only a trifle over \$8,000.

Army and Navy Orders.

WASHINGTON, June 11 .- These army orders were Issued to-day:

These assignments of officers recently promoted:
Lieut.-Col. Frank U. Robinson, from Second Cavalry to Fifth Cavalry; Major Daniel H. Boughton,
from Third Cavalry to Second Cavalry; Capt.
R. B. Harper, from Seventh Cavalry; Capt.
R. Toop B.; First Lieut. Solomon L. Jeffers,
from Twelfth Cavalry to Seventh Cavalry, Troop
B; Lieut.-Col. William L. Pitcher, from Eight
Infantry to Twenty-eighth Infantry.
Capt. William V. Judson, Engineers, from
Engineer School of Application to office Chief of Engineers.

neer's School of Application to duck each of Engineer's.

First Lieut, Clement C. Whitcomb, Assistant Surgeon, from San Francisco to Governors Island. Capt. Robert B. Powers, Seventh Cavalry, from Fort Huachuca, join his regiment.

Capt. Charles M. Truitt, transferred from Twenty-first Infantry to Twenty-eighth Infantry, Company A, and Capt. Ferdinand W. Kobbé, from Twenty-eighth Infantry, Company L. Company L.
Leaves of absence granted: Second Lieut. Fred
L. Perry, Artillery, two days; Contract Surgeon
D. M. Roberts, two months.

These naval orders were issued These naval orders were issued:
Capt. E. Longnecker, from duty as commandant
Port Royal Naval Station, but continue duties as
commandant naval station at Charleston.
Commander C. P. Perkins, from command of the
Boston to command the Concord.
Lieutenant-Commander R. M. Hughes, from the
Boston to the Concord as executive officer.
Lieutenant-Commander J. H. Gibbons, from
office Naval Intelligence, Washington, to command
the Dolphin.
Lieut. A. H. Scales, from the Boston to the
Concord.

Lieut A. H. Scales, from the Boston to the Concord.

Lieut A. H. Scales, from the Boston to the Concord.

Lieux M. A. Anderson, from the Boston to the Concord. In charge of engineering department.

Ensigns E. H. Dodd. C. W. Forman and C. P. Huff, from the Boston to the Concord.

Midshipman C. A. Bhakely, to the baltimore.

Medical Director C. U. Gravatt, placed on retired list.

Medical Inspector F. Anderson, from the Alabama to the Brooklyn.

Surgeon J. C. Byrnes, to the Texas.

Surgeon J. C. Byrnes, to the Alabama.

Surgeon J. C. Byrnes, to the Alabama.

Surgeon G. F. Stokes, to League Island Navy Yard on special temporary duty in connection with the outbreak of contagious diseases.

Surgeon G. Pickrell, from the Texas to the lowa.

Passed Assistant Surgeon R. K. Smith, from the Independence to Baval and Marine recruiting stations. San Francisco.

Passed Assistant Surgeon A. Farenholt, from the Boston to the Concord.

Assistant Surgeon A. Farenholt, from the Boston to the Concord.

Assistant Surgeon R. E. Emer, previous orders modified from the Sanger to the Independence.

Passed Assistant Paymaster J. Brooks, from the Boston to the Concord.

Passed Assistant Paymaster J. Brooks, from the Boston to the Concord.

STIR IN POST OFFICE HERE

SEVEN INSPECTORS SEEKING GROUND FOR INDICTMENTS.

ot Anxious to Stir Up Scandal, It's Said, but Are Preparing for Criminal Pro-ceedings—Van Cott Called On to Clas-

sify 48 Clerks, Who May Be Reduced. Officials at the Post Office were much disturbed yesterday when it became known that seven Post Office inspectors were here making an investigation. It was said that the Department at Washington had centred its investigation of the Post Office scandals here in New York and that

the inspectors were gunning for big game. but to obtain material on which indictments can be based. The inspectors were sald to be looking into certain expenditures and also running down rumors of irregu larities and of money having been paid for

promotion. Four inspectors, R. D. Simmons and J. D. Sullivan of St. Louis and John Farrell and Walter Mayer of Chicago, have been in town for several days. To this force were added yesterday Chief Inspector William J. Vickery, Inspector Fulton of St. Louis and another inspector, whose name could not be learned. It was said that Simmons and Sullivan

had announced that they were going to Washington, but were really still in the city. Inspector Vickery is the man who got the evidence against Assistant Attorney-General Tyner, who was assigned to the Post Office Department at Washington. None of the inspectors would say on what special line they were working.

It was learned incidentally that forty

It was learned incidentally that forty of the best inspectors throughout the country had been called to Washington to work on the post office scandals. E. H. Thorp, the chief inspector here, has been called to Washington, and Mr. Daggett, who is taking his place, said that he knew nothing about the investigation, but added: but added:
"I'm pretty sure that it is not for the

purpose of bringing to light scandals or besmirching the reputation of any man. The investigation, I believe, is to get evi-dence for prosecutions and the securing of indictments." In connection with this an official who would not let his name be mentioned said

that before the investigators got through men "high up" in the building would find themselves in a sorry predicament. Postmaster Van Cott was directed yesterthe secondary battery is somewhat less than the Connecticut's, the principal differences being in the reduction from twenty to twelve 3-inch and twelve to six 3-pounder guns.

Part of the reduction in the secondary battery is due to the fact that in order to secondary bettery is due to the fact that in order to secondary bettery is due to the fact that in order to secondary better its description. much uneasiness, because it was taken to mean that the authorities at Washington were making a careful scrutiny of the local

department.

If the Department at Washington held to a strict interpretation of the laws, it was said, the calling for the classifications would end in a number of men losing from \$250 to \$800 of their yearly salaries.

All the men that Washington has asked for a report on are listed on the payroll as "cashiers." Locally they are known as division superintendents. Should it be decided that the postal laws make no provision for such offices, Mr. Van Cott may have to reduce them to clerkships at \$1,400

Postmaster Van Cott would not say Postmaster Van Cott would not say vesterday whether he had selected his son, Richard Van Cott, or Charles W. White, as superintendent of city delivery. Richard Van Cott's salary is \$3,200 a year and White's \$2,400. If the Postmaster retains his son, White will become a clerk at \$1,400 a year. He is a G. A. R. man and has been in the needed service for more than thirty years.

am compelled to.

Mr. Van Cott would not discuss the story
that Miss Lotta E. Fliege, a stenographer
assigned to work in his son's office, has assigned to work in his son's office, has received unusual privileges. She was at her desk yesterday after having been away for three weeks. Her salary is \$1,500 a year. Her sister, Miss Sophia Fliege, is a steher sister, Miss Sophia Fliege, is a ste-nographer in the assistant postmaster's office, and her brother, John Fliege, is a clerk in the outgoing mails department. They are wards of Mr. Van Cott. Another piece of gossip was that young Mr. Van Cott had written out his resigna-

tion and was ready to send it to Washington, but that his father would not let him. Mr. Van Cott was asked if he was going to resign, ind replied.
"No. I would not resign under fire."

SAVED A CHINESE TOWN. Herole Work of the Officers and Crew of

the Gunboat Callao at a Fire in Fu-Ti. WASHINGTON, June 11 .- In a report to he State Department "bert M. McWade, United States Consul-General at Canton China, says that the large town of Fu T would have been dest oyed by fire except for the heroic work of Lieut. E. A. Ander-son, Ensign F. W. Sterling and the crew of the United States gunboat Callao Half the town had been destroyed when Anderthe town had been destroyed when Anderson and his men began to fight the fire. They saved many lives, but 20 persons and 150 houses were burned.

The Consul-General praises highly the work of Anderson, Sterling and the Callao's crew. Secretary of the Navy Moody to the consultance of the commendatory and the two officers commendatory.

lay sent the two officers commendatory letters. The Callao is now engaged it trying to rescue an American who wal kidnapped by Chinese pirates near Canton.

The President Back From Hanna Wedding WASHINGTON, June 11 .- President Roosevelt returned to Washington from Cleve land at 2 o'clock this afternoon, accompanied by Miss Rooseveit and Secretary Loeb. He went to the White House, and after remaining there a short time went to his office, where he took up for considera-tion a large amount of correspondence that had accumulated during his absence.

Contracts for Good Roads

ALBANY, June 11 -Contracts to construct good roads" have been awarded by State Engineer Bond as follows:

Echo Lake-Pine Bridge road, Westchester county, to McCabe & Duffy of White Plains county, to McCape a 231,27,384.

Pine Bridge-Yorktown Heights road, Westchester county, to Casey & Murray of
Rochester, at \$29,000.

Yorktown Heights-Putnam county line
Yorktown Heights-Putnam county county. Yorktown Heights-Putnam county line ad, Westchester county, to same contracroad, westenester county, to same contrac-tors, at \$47,000.

Bedford-Cross River road: Cross River-Turk Hill road, and Turk Hill-Putnam county, line road, all in Westchester county, to Ga-nung & Hoyt of Katonah at \$40,810, \$27,434 and 151,200 respectively.

Newburgh-Campbell Hill road and Chester-Vails Gate road in Orange county, to the Drange County Board of Supervisors at 164,450 and \$50,425 respectively.

CHIEF JUSTICE CRITICISED.

Other Members of the Illinois Court Di approve a Semi-Political Act. CHICAGO, June 11.-Formal disapproval

of an act of Justice D. B. Magruder, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, was placed on file in writing this afternoon by the other Judges of the Supreme Court. Justice Magruder is criticised severely by his six colleagues, and indirectly he is accused assisting in the defeat of Justice Carter

in the Fourth district. When the last Legislature rearranged this district the Democrats sought from the Supreme Court a mandamus to compel Secretary of State Rose to certify the nomination of W. L. Vandeventer of Quincy as their nominee from the old district. The court refused to grant the petition, One official declared that the object of but filed no opinion. Justice Magruder the investigation was not to expose scandals immediately field a dissenting opinion. and it was circulated all over the Carter district and did much to defeat him.

WAIT IN VAIN FOR MONEY GIVER. Hoboes Fall to Find Bryant Park's Midnight Philanthropist.

Several hundred hoboes appeared last night in Bryant Park, and sat around on the benches waiting for the midnight philanthropist to appear with his roll of money. They had read in yesterday's newspapers that a stranger nightly gave away quarters and dollar bills to the poor.

They sat on the benches until the rain drove them to seek shelter under the awnings along Sixth avenue, but when the rain ceased they returned and waited. He did not come, however, and at midnight the men went away much disappointed.

JETT SAID HE SHOT MARCUM. Told Mrs. Johnson, Sister of the Victim.

Jackson, Ky., June 11.—Mrs. Mary Johnson, sister of J. B. Marcum, for whose assassination here Curtis Jett and Tom White are being tried, said on the witness stand this afternoon that after her brother had died she had started home and was overtaken by Jett and White. She asked Jett if he had killed her brother and Jett

"Hargis money killed him. I fired the shots.

Mrs. Johnson said she had told her brother's family of the admissions of Jett. B. J. Ewen, who, after telling of recognizing Jett as the assassin, yesterday, took refuge with the State militia, told State Inspector Hines, sent here by Gov. Beckham to investigate the troubles, that two men had come to his house last week and had given him the alternative of accepting \$5.000 and changing his testimony before the \$5,000 and changing his testimony before the jury or leaving the State.

If he did not do one or the other, they said, he would be killed. He ordered them from his house and left the town that day, remaining away until court convened.

Numerous witnesses were introduced to-day who told of the movements of Jett and White before and after the murder. Hezekiah Combs said he saw White beckon to Jett when Marcum came to the door of the court house. They went in by the side entrance. White came out, but he did not see Jett again until after the shooting.

\$53,000 FOR A LEG.

Miss Anita Page Kelly Sues a California Hotel for That Amount.

Los ANGELES, Cal., June 11 .- In the United States Circuit Court complaint has been filed asking \$53,397 for the loss of a leg. The Potter Hotel Company of Santa Barbara is the defendant and the com-

Barbara is the defendant and the complainant is Anita Page Kelly, a young woman of New York city.

She alleges that as a guest at the Potter on Jan. 16 she took the elevator. She had her left foot inside the door and her right on the floor when the elevator boy suddenly started the car, throwing her to the floor in such a manner that her left leg was mangled and broken and injuries of serious nature were also inflicted. The leg was amputated between the knee and hip joint. She also alleges that she suffered permanent injuries to her right leg. injuries to her right leg.

SHOT FROM AMBUSH. An Attempt to Kill a Kentucky Detective

on His Way to Court. LEXINGTON, Ky., June 11.- Detective H. G. Mulligan of Wilmore was shot from ambush yesterday, near Manchester, Clay county. Mulligan has several English bloodhounds, and some time ago he went to Manchester with his dogs, on request of the authorities, to trail some men who were suspected of committing a crime. He trailed the men with the dogs for fifty miles, captured and brought them back to Manchester.

Mulligan left his home yesterday morning multigan to the source of

to be present as a witness in the case of the Commonwealth against the men he had captured. He was riding along the highway when a man fired from ambush, the bullet taking effect in his left side. He was taken to Manchester, and his family summoned to his bedside. The chances for his recov-

CROWD CHASES A NEGRO. He'd Insulted Two Women and Slashed

Their Escort With a Razor. A negro insulted two women who were walking on Eighth avenue at Thirty-ninth street with Robert Russell of 152 West Thirty-seventh street last night. Russell started to thrash the negro and the later slashed him with a razor, cutting his clothes

but doing no other injury.

The negro ran, followed by a crowd of white men, and things were going hard with him when two policemen arrested him and drove the crowd off. At the West Thirty-seventh street station the negro said he was George Smith of 313 West Thirty-seventh street.

CLAYTON IS FOR ROOSEVELT. Ambassader to Mexico Also Says He Will Soon Quit Public Life.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., June 11.-Chairman H. L. Remmel of the Republican State Central Committee received a letter to-day from Ambassador Powell Clayton, written in the City of Mexico on June 5, saying he not only favored the nomination of President Roosevelt in 1904, but would do all in his power to secure both his nomination and election. In conclusion Gen. Clay-

"It is my fixed and unalterable determina-tion to retire permanently to private life at the end, if not before, of President Roose-

ushing Millions of Brick to This City. POUGHKEEPSIE, June 11.-In anticipation of the reopening of the building ma terial yards in New York millions of bricks are being rushed to the metropolis from the Hudson River district. The tug Mead passed this city going south early this norning with nineteen barges in tow, loaded with 7,000,000 bricks. Twenty more down to-night and as many more barges left the yards from Roseton south. Work will be resumed in all the Hudson River brickyards on full time in a few days.

Killing Frost in the Northwest. St. Paul, June 11 .- A heavy frost visited Wisconsin, Minnesota and the Dakotas last night, doing great damage to growing crops. Reports from fifty localities show that ice formed half an inch thick, and that that ice formed half an inch thick, and that corn, vegetables, flax and fruit were killed. Small grain was nipped severely and will be set back a week. It was the severest late frost ever known and the temperature fell to 10 degrees in many places.

CHINA'S LOSS OF MANCHURIA

RECOGNIZED IN REBUFF TO FOR-EIGN ENTERPRISES.

Prince Ching, Head of the Foreign Office Resumes Duties After an Interview With the Russian Minister—Belay on the Treaty With This Country.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. PEKIN, June 11.-After an ostensible illness of several weeks Prince Ching, the head of the Foreign Office, resumed his duties

o-day. He had an interview yesterday

with M. Paul Lessar, the Russian Minister,

who has just returned to Pekin, and it is

thought by some that the return of the Prince to his duties may have had some onnection with his talk with the Minister. During the time Prince Ching has been ill three of the most important points in the protocol have been under consideration, namely the question of the payment of the indemnity in gold or silver, the commercial treaties with various countries and the preservation of the integrity of

China. In regard to the first point, Chang Chih Tung, the Southern Viceroy, who, although temporarily rebuffed on account of his extravagant pretence of independence of the protocol, particularly in the matter of the payment of the indemnity, in which he went further than what is called the false position of the United States, and ren dered himself ridiculous before the legations, has now prepared an original solutio of the question of the payment of this noney, which he will offer to the Ministers. He has no authority to act in the matter

because of his services in suppressing the Boxer uprising in the Yangtse Valley in As to the second point, China, after six months of negotiation in regard to the commercial treaty with the United States,

however, as he was simply summoned here

has merely accepted the preliminaries provisionally In connection with the third question the preservation of the integrity of China, the consent of America to negotiate questions of trade in Manchuria at Washington without the participation of China in the arguments has greatly weakened the position of the Empire, the people of which are helpless, although patriotic. The concern felt even among the Manchus does not inspire any sympathy here. Neither does the deliberate procedure of Russia in dealing separately with China and eliminating America, England and Japan from the conclusion of the aggrandizement of Manchuria excite any feeling of pity.

The recognition of the loss of Manchuria by China has resulted during the past year in a formidable rebuff to foreign enterprises, such as the prevention of the opening of mines, concessions for which had already been granted to foreigners. This shows that there is a growing conviction that the partition of the Empire is contemplated and that the allies will be unable to maintain the integrity of the Empire.

FAVORS COALING STATIONS. Cuban Senator Approves of the Treaty

for Their Lease. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. HAVANA, June 11 -- Senator Dolz, a mem er of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, who was appointed a sub-committee to consider the matter, has reported to the committee in favor of approving the treaty for the leasing of coaling stations to the United States. He says that the Senate has not the power to deal with the fundamental question involved, which is a constitutional one, but can only decide regarding the limits and localities of the

stations. He considers that the Americans must morial Association held a meeting to-day be the judges of what they need to protect the independence of Cuba and protect the people of the United States, as stated in the Platt amendment. Therefore it is for them to decide the area and locality of

the stations. They have not chosen any of the principal ports of Cuba for this purpose, such as Cienfuegos, Cardenas, Nipe Bay or Santiago. As the two nations have agreed that the treaty fulfils the terms of the Platt amendment, it is to Cuba's interest to accept it, as, if it is rejected now, the American Administration might become more exacting.

Senor Dolz argues that three treaties are necessary because the clause in the Platt law referring to the Isle of Pines leaves the matter for future arrangement, and also because clause 8 of the Platt amendment refers to a treaty between the two governments, whereas the coaling stations treaty specifically states that the President of the United States and the Cuban Government will settle the question.

It is therefore impossible to include in one arrangement matters requiring confirmation by the American Senate, namely a permanent treaty and a coaling stations treaty, the latter being a matter which the President of the United States will settle

with the Cuban Government. Congress has approved the modifications of the Loan law. It has also approved the bill relating to the taxation of cigarettee

and matches. President Palma, at the instance of Mr Squiers, the American Minister, has remitted the fine of \$50 imposed on Seaman Peddick, of the American cruiser San Francisco, for disorderly conduct at Santiago.

M. DOURNOVO'S SUDDEN DEATH On a Train in Prussian Territory-Body Taken to Berlin.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN BERLIN, June 11 .- M. Dournovo, the Russian President of the Committee of Ministers, formerly chief of the Civil Cahinet of the Dowager Empress Maria Feodorovna and Minister of the Interior, and one of the Czar's personal Secretaries of State, died suddenly to-day on a train between Königsberg and Marienburg, in Prussian territory, while on his way to St. Petersburg. The body was brought to Berlin.

DR. ROOKER'S CONSECRATION To Take Place Next Sunday-Banquet at American Catholic College.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN ROME, June 11 .- There was a housewarm ing at the American Catholic College here to-day. Cardinals Satolli and Martinelli and Mgrs. Rooker and Seton, well-known American ecclesiastics, were guests at the banquet. Mgr. Kennedy, the head of the college, proposed the health of the Pope. Dr. Rooker will be consecrated Eishon of Nueva Caceres in the Philippines next Sunday.

TO PRODUCE "PARSIFAL" HERE Mr. Conried Will Be Able to Make Negotiations.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. BAVREUTH, June 11-It is learned that Frau Cosima Wagner's representative is willing to negotiate with Mr. Conried regarding the proposed performance of "Parsifal" in New York. Mr. Conried is now in Berlin

FILIPINO CHIEF CAPTURED. Guillermo, Daring Ladrone Leader, Caught

by Stratagem. Special Cable Despatch to TEE SEN MANILA, June 11 .- The constabulary, brough some clever work on the style of that adopted by Gen. Funston in the capture of Aguinaldo, has arrested Gen. Guil-lermo, the ladrone leader who succeeded Gen. San Miguel when the latter was killed. They also captured his adjutant, Santiago, and three ladrones and seized some valuable papers.

During the provincial enlistments for the adrones a native inspector of constabulary formed a friendship with the bandits by pretending that he was anxious to join them. He obtained the freedom of the camp in the Rizal mountains. He led an attack by volunteers who were disguised as ladrone recruits and captured the outfit Few of the bandits escaped.

Guillermo has been one of the most daring of the outlaws. He evaded capture by the Spaniards for fifteen years. Only two strong leaders of the ladrones now remain on the island of Luzon, and both

of these are in the province of Cavité. Spain Interested in St. Louis Fair. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

MADRID, June 11 .-- A. J. Buchanan, the representative of the Louisiana Purchase position, had an audience with King Alfonso to-day. The King manifested deep interest in the coming exposition and reiterated his previous assurances that Spain would participate in it.

GOV. ODELL SAILS AROUND. Visits Quarantine, the House of Refuge and the State Hospital.

Gov. Odell, with a party which included Health Officer Doty, ex-Congressman William H. Moore and Charles L. Boyd, State Superintendent of Public Works, visited the Quarantine islands yesterday on the blowing right your way. Quarantine boat Gov. Flower, and then Quarantine boat Gov. Flower, and then went to Randall's Island. Supt. Sage of the House of Refuge conducted the party through the buildings, and the Governor gave a ten-minute talk to the boys. A visit was also paid to the Manhattan State Hospital, Ward's Island. In the evening the Governor had dinner with Congressman James S. Sherman and Supreme Court Judge Warren B. Hooker, and then went to the theatre. to the theatre.

\$500,000 FIRE IN ROCHESTER. The Brick Presbyterian Church and the Pancost Building Bestroyed.

ROCHESTER, June 11 .- A fire on State street this morning destroyed the Brick Presbyterian Church, the five-story Pancost Building and several smaller establishments. 'The fire department faced the alternative of seeing the church go up or saving State street with its many stores and business blocks.

"I saw that I must choose," said Fire

Commissioner Gilman to a SUN reporter, so I let the church go up in smoke." The department saved State street, but it was only by the hardest work. The church will be rebuilt. The insurers put the total insurance at \$195,000. The total oss is \$500,000

A Banner Prohibition Town Votes for Hotel License.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., June 11.-For the first ime in its history, Newfane, the banner prohibition town of Western New York, voted for license. By a special law passed last winter, the license applies only to Olcott, a summer resort on Lake Ontario. Hotel license for Olcott was carried by 223 majority, but the other three propositions, saloon, drug store and wholesale, were defeated.

The International Railway, of which the Hon. W. Caryl Fly is president, led in the

license fight. 845.000 for Gen. Harrison's Monument Indianapolis, June 11 .- The executive committee of the Benjamin Harrison Me-

ded to proceed

monument to the memory of the late ex-President. The commission now has \$45,000 on hand, and the amount will doubt-

less be increased to \$50,000. Credit Men Elect Officers. St. Louis, Mo., June 11 .- The eighth annual convention of the National Association of Credit Men concluded its sessions to-day and adjourned to meet in New York city next year. J. Harry Tregoe of Baltimore was reelected President and William

A. Prendergast secretary. Mr. Markham Explains.

Mr. Edward Markham writes to say that the poem he read at the recent anniversary of The Hague Peace Conference appeared originally in Collier's Weekly, to which publication credit should have been

Corduan-Benson.

Miss Blossom Benson, daughter of Mrs M. L. Benson, and Mr. Frank Mandevill in the home of the bride's mother at 427 Lafayette avenue, Brooklyn. The bride was given away by her brother, Frank L. Benson The Rev. Mark B. Taylor of the Park Con-gregational Church performed the cere-

RUSINESS NOTICES

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic, diarrhæs. 25c. a bottle

MARRIED.

BENJAMIN-PRIME .- On Thursday, June 11 1903, at Grace Church, New York, by the Rev William R. Huntington, D. D., assisted by the Rev. William H. Benjamin, D. D., Charlotte Hoffman, daughter of the late William H. Prime, and William Massena Benjamin.

in Trinity Church, Hewlett, L. I., by the Rt. Rev. Frederick Burgess, Bishop of Long Island, assisted by the Rev. Thomas Martin, Frances Louise, daughter of Mrs. James Augustus Hewlett, to Edward Liddon Patterson. ARE-IMLACH .- On Thursday, June 11, 1905 at the First Reformed Episcopal Church, New York, by Bishop Sabine, Grace, daughter of Mrs. Louise I mlach and the late William Dundas

TTERSON-HEWLETT.-On Tuesday, June

Imlach, to Franklin Backus Ware. DIED.

BARTLETT .- At Southern Pines. N. C., on Tuesday, June 9, 1903, Mary Minturn Post Bartlett, daughter of the late Mary A. and Dr. Minturn Post, of Baywood, Clifton, Staten Island, and New York. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from Church of the Ascension, on Friday morning at half-past 10 o'clock.

CLARK.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Tuesday evening June 9, 1908, Sarah Williams, wife of E. B Clark and daughter of the late Henry and Sarah Homer. Funeral services at her late home, 131 Crescent av., Plainfield, N. J., on Friday, June 12, at 4 P. M. Friends will kindly refrain from sending flowers. Interment at Philadelphia.

Funeral from his late residence. Hotel Winthros 125th st. and 7th av., Saturday, June 18, at 2 P. M. London papers please copy.

HOPKINS .- On Tuesday, June 9, John Hopkins,

HOYT.—On Tuesday, June 9, 1903, after a lingering illness, Dr. Ezra P. Hoyt.

Funeral services at his late residence, 17 West Thirty-niath street, on Friday, June 12, at 11:30 A. M. Interment at Hyde Park. N. Y. LEEFE.-MILITARY ORDER LOTAL LEGION, UNITED STATES. COMMANDERY STATE OF NEW YORK -Companions are informed of the death of Col. John G. Leefe, United States Army. Funeral services will be held this morning at 10 o'clock at 202 West 168d at. Companions

NOBL BLAKEMAN, Paymaster, U. S. Navy.



Straw Hat Prices Blowing Away!

A reducing tornado has struck our \$1 and \$1.50 split and sennet braid straw hats.

Here's a chance to get a string on the hat you'll need this vacation.

1903 blocks. These hats are critic-proof.

Men's, 89c.

Mothers! Boys' straw hats, -new, light, in sennet and braid; vari-colored bands; -

These were \$1.25 and 98c., now Boys', 69c.

As far as straw hats are concerned this is an excellent time

"Get the Habit .-- go to"

Brill Brothers FOUR CONVENIENT STORES.

279 Broadway, 47 Cortlandt St., 211 and 219 6th Ave., 125th St., Cor. 3d Ave. WROTE "PROVED ABILITY."

Gen. Dick Didn't Say "Practicability" in the Ohio Platform. ARRON. Ohio, June 11 .- The editorial article in THE SUN a few days ago in which a little fun was poked at Gen. Charles Dick of this city, who wrote the platform of the Republican party at the recent convention

brought forth a statement from that man to-day. "THE SUN is in error," said he, "in regard to the use of the word 'practicability.' I to the use of the word 'practicability.' I did not use the word. What I did use were the words 'proved ability.' The paragraph to which THE SUN refers reads as follows: 'We commend President Roosevelt's fidelity to duty, his adherence to President McKinley's policies and his own proved ability in his high office, showing him in every way worthy of election by the people to be their Chief Magistrate. We favor his nomination for President in 1904.'

"So you see," he continued, "that the telegraphic report which THE SUN received was not correct in that one particular."

ADMIRAL VISITS CONSUL.

Formal Exchange of Visits Between Office and French Cruser. Admiral Rivet of the French Atlantic squadron, whose flagship, the Tage, anch ored in the North River at the foot of Twenty-seventh street on Wednesday, paid his respects to the French Consul-General yesterday morning. In the afternoon M. de Magny returned the visit. A salute of nine guns was fired as he boarded the cruiser. The Tage will stay here until the letter part of the mouth.

Divorce for Mrs. Charles A. Fox. Justice Giegerich in the Supreme Court on Tuesday signed the final decree of divorce in the action brought by Louise Greer Fox against her husband, Charles A. Fox, a contractor. They were married six years ago in St. Matthew's Episcopal Church, and until last winter lived in West Seventy-seventh street. Fox, it is said, is now living at the New York Athletic Club. The divorce was granted on statutory grounds

the latter part of the month.

KENNEDYS STORE



at Half Price. 1.98, worth 5.00. Single and Double. breasted. VESTS. 1.19. worth 3.00, of white duck and pique; single

Cool Shirts and Underwear Tan Negligees (pleated), 79c, worth White Madras (linen bosoms), 1.49,

worth 2.00. Pure Irish Linen Mesh Underwear, 1.50, worth 3.00. Brown Lisle, 79c., worth 1.50. Blue Lace Balbriggan, 49c.

Hats. Rough Sailors, . 50c. A clean sweep. All are wide brims. Were 1.50 and 2.00. Fine Sailors,



close out

Sennet and Split Braids (featherweight). Panamasour own importation — Ecuadors (Untrimmed), . 1.75

ridged crown, with roll brim. Men's Shoes. Flat Last Low Shoes,

Colombias, 3.90

Porto Ricos, 1.90

All blocked in the new shapes, flat



Made like 12.00 Custom A pair of 1.00 Shoe Trees Low Shoes, 1.98; worth 4.00. They are styles that we want to

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